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Lea el código QR para registrarse

Introducción a la Escritura Científica usando Métodos Qualitativos – Parte 2

Martes, Septiembre 11, 2018

Dr Francisco Cantu-Ortiz

fcantu@itesm.mx, http://semtech.mty.itesm.mx/fcantu/

- 1: Panorama de la Investigación en México
- 2: Entendiendo el Formato IMRAD
- 3: Consejos para la Escritura Académica
- 4: Métodos Cualitativos en la Investigación
- 5: Selección de Revistas Consejos y Retos
- 6: Aprendiendo del Rechazo en Revistas



- 1: Publicaciones en Conferencias
- 2: Un Ecosistema de Investigación e Innovación
- 3: Administración de la Investigación
- 4: Fuentes de Financiamiento
- 5: Administración Proyectos de Investigación
- 6: Administración del Posicionamiento y Prestigio



Latin America





- 19.2 millones de km² (13%)
- 639 millones de personas (8.4%)
- 3.5% del total de publicaciones
- 21 países que hablan Español, Portugués, o Francés (Inglés, Holandés)











- ~1.9 millones km² (5.9% of LA)
- ~127 millones habit. (19% of LA)
- 17% of LA publicaciones*



^{*} Datos de SCImago de 1996 a 2017

Mexico: 2013-2017 (2/4)



Producción Científica en México

Scholarly Output 🤹

Authors

108,593

128,282



View list of publications

Citation Count 🤹

Citations per Publication 📚



4.9

Field-Weighted Citation Impact 🗯

0.88

Impacto de Citación Ponderado por Disciplina

Producción Científica Mundial

14,206,189

13,199,734



Field-Weighted Citation Impact

1.00

Citation Count

Citations per Publication

89,458,047

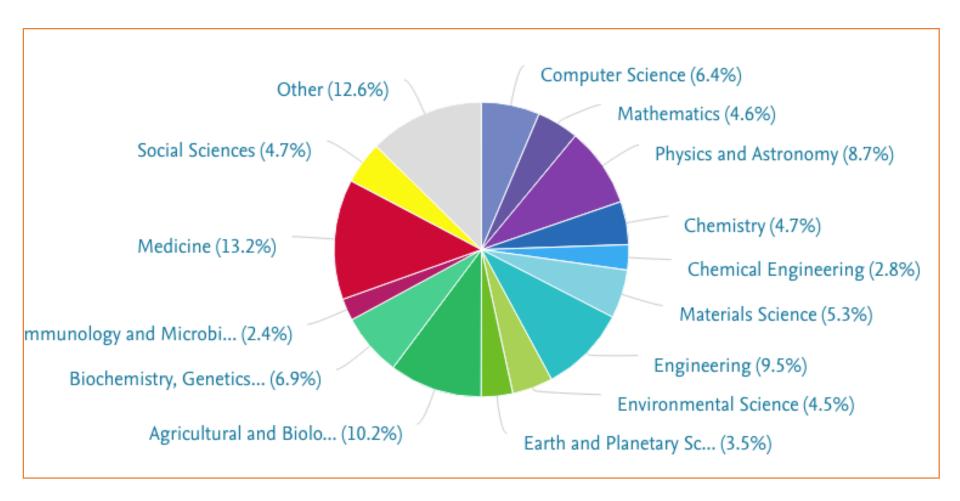
6.3



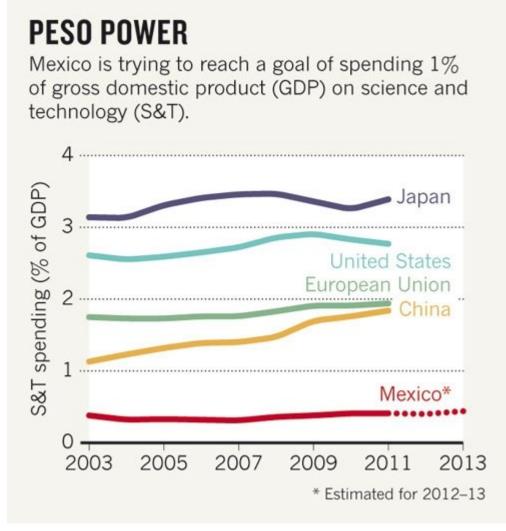
Mexico: 2013-2017 (3/4)



Disciplinas en las que se publica en México







El número de investigadores que pertenecen al SNI es reducido (25,072 en 2016) comparado con la población de México (cerca de 128 millones). Hay 936 SNIs en el Estado de Puebla (3.7%).

En el Ranking QS de universidades Latinoamericanas hay únicamente tres universidades Mexicanas en las primeras 30: UNAM (4th), ITESM (5th), e IPN (30th). La BUAP está en la posición 88th.

Figure 1: Comparación del financiamiento en México con respecto a Japón, EEUU, UE, y China.



BUAP: 2013-2017



Benemerita Universidad Autonoma de Puebla



Calle 4 Sur, 104, Puebla

PUE, Mexico

Affiliation ID: 60024830

Other name formats: (Benemérita Universidad Autónoma De Puebla

Universidad Autónoma De Puebla

Benemerita Universidad Autonoma De Puebla

Buap

Univ. Autónoma De Puebla

Documents, affiliation only

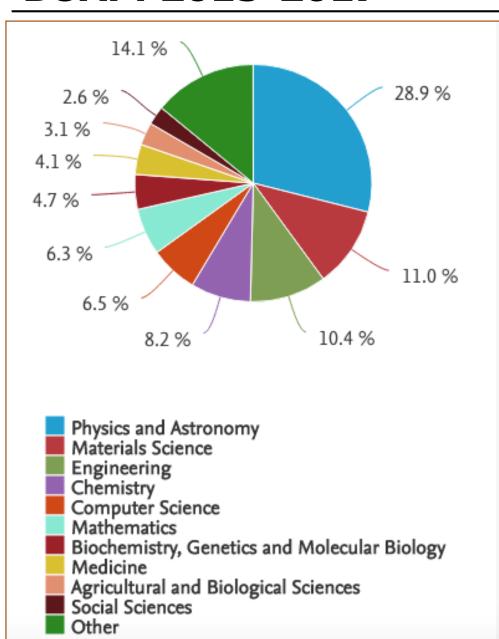
9,323

Authors

3,937







Ranking de la BUAP

México:

7^{th*} en QS 6th en Webometrics

Latin America:

88th en QS 44 en Webometrics

World:

801-1000 en QS 1155 en Webometrics



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Conference Publications



A strategy for transfering expert systems technology to industry

Proceedings of the

Managing Expert System Programs and Projects

September 10-12, 1990 Bethesda, MD

IEEE Conference on

Editors:

Jay Liebowitz Jerald Feinstein Randall Shumaker

Sponsored by

IEEE Computer Society Technical Committee on Expert Systems Applications

Co-Sponsored by

EXSYS Corporation Instant Recall, Inc. Interactive Communications, Inc. International Association of Knowledge Engineers (IAKE) OXKO Corporation PC Al Magazine



Institute of Electrical and Electronics Engineers, Inc.

Francisco J. Cantu-Ortiz

Abstract:

A strategy is presented for transferring expert system technology from university to industry. This strategy is based on five years of experience in developing expert and knowledge-based systems for academic and industrial applications in Mexico. The strategy includes KBS (knowledge-based system) technology assimilation, applied research and development with graduate students in computer science and artificial intelligence, an annual program of seminars on expert systems, an annual international symposium on artificial intelligence applications, research agreements with companies to develop expert system prototypes in manufacturing, including the training of knowledge engineers from the sponsoring companies, and the formation of the Center for Artificial Intelligence to do human resources education, applied research, and technological development. Lessons learned in selling expert systems, problem domain selection, cost/benefit analysis, management of expert systems projects, and expert system tool selection are mentioned.

Published in: Managing Expert System Programs and Projects, 1990. Proceedings., IEEE Conference on

Date of Conference: 10-12 Sept. 1990

Date Added to IEEE Xplore: 06 August 2002

ISBN Information:

INSPEC Accession Number: 3985859

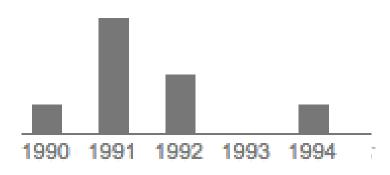
DOI: 10.1109/MESPP.1990.122678

Publisher: IEEE

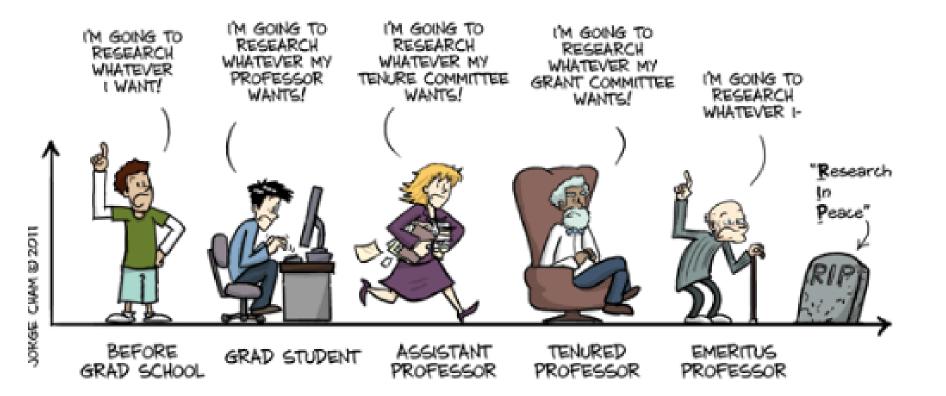
Conference Location: Bethesda, MD, USA, USA

6 pages

Citado por 8



THE EVOLUTION OF INTELLECTUAL FREEDOM



WWW.PHDCOMICS.COM







The Research Funnel

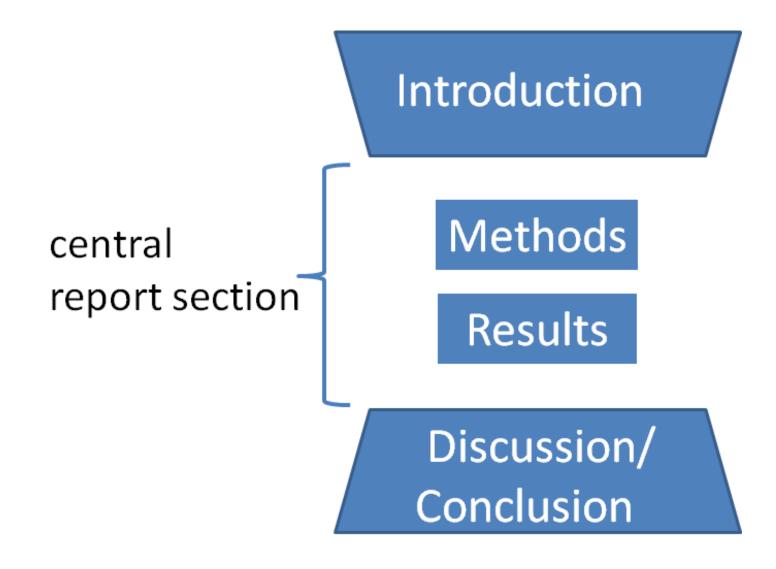






The Wine Glass Model





*Fuente: IMRAD en Wikipedia



Why Attend a Conference?



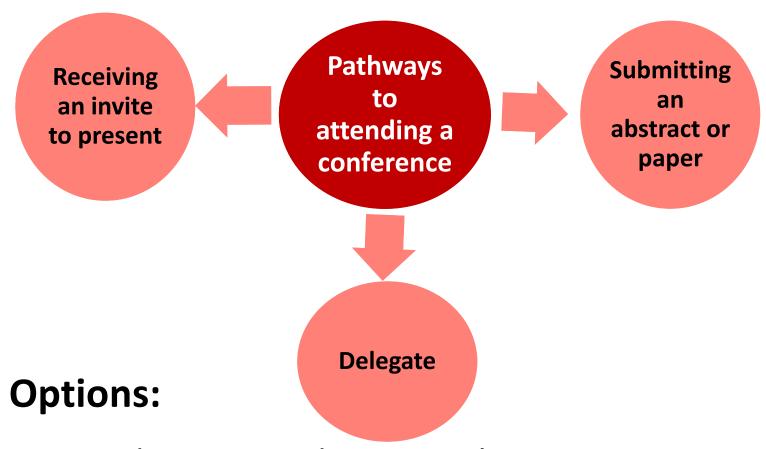


- ✓ Learn about new developments in your field
- ✓ Present your findings (published/under consideration)
- ✓ Get feedback on your research
- ✓ Network and explore collaboration opportunities
- ✓ For PhD students, find labs/researchers they would like to work
 with



Selecting the Right Conference (1/2)





- Experts and senior academics might receive invitations
- Conference Call for Papers and paper submission
- Attendee



Selecting the Right Conference (2/2)



Before deciding to attend the conference, consider the following points:

- ✓ Scope of conference
- ✓ Keynote speakers
- ✓ Networking opportunities
- ✓ Timeline
- ✓ Travel grants
- ✓ Cost
- ✓ Location
- ✓ Who else is going? (friends/colleagues/contacts)
- ✓ Number of sessions
- ✓ Format

Beware of predatory conferences







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Selecting the Right Opportunity



National or International?





National Conterences

- Limited audience
- Higher abstract acceptance rates
- Annually held
- Low cost



International Conferences

- Wider audience
- Lower abstract acceptance rates
- One-off, annual, or biennial
- Expensive



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Preparing for a Conference



Conference Requisites for Presenters (1

Submitting a abstract



- ✓ Abstracts for conferences are generally published in the conference proceedings
- ✓ Follow the instructions carefully (e.g., regarding length, structure, and deadline)
- ✓ Don't include references, figures, or tables unless instructed to
- ✓ Be succinct and clear (250–500 words)
- ✓ Adhere to deadlines



Conference Requisites for Presenters (2)

Submitting a full-text paper (with abstract)

A Scientometric and Ranking Performance Analysis of International Research University Network members and World-Class Universities: Are they the same?

Francisco J. Cantu-Ortiz, James Fangmeyer Jr., Nathalie Galeano Tecnológico de Monterrey

Abstract

In this paper we present an overview of international research university networks and a scientometric and ranking performance analysis of universities that are members of those networks. We match university networks with top 200 universities from QS, THE, and ARWU tables, which we regard in this study as world-class universities (WCU), and identify similarities and differences. We do this by way of studying the main international research university networks in terms of their scientometric and ranking performance. We discuss the motivation, costs, and benefits of universities to join such networks and do a prospective analysis of the role research university networks and WCUs will play in the future in spreading out global common goods from universities into knowledge economies and an unprecedented renewal of truth, peace, and spiritual values. In addressing these issues, we hope to shed light on the connection between world-class universities and international research university networks and the influence they will have in new generations.

Introduction

University networks have existed for more than one hundred years. The motivation for creating these networks stems from the need universities face to collaborate among themselves in higher education themes in order to seek prestige and to face global challenges like global climate change, refugee migration trends, energy sources, culture dialogue and understanding, and related issues. To achieve these goals and help each other in this regard, network members develop joint research projects and sharing research infrastructure and resources, exchange faculty and students in research, taught programs, and academic mobility, offer joint or double degrees, and share experience in university management. Sometimes networks are established and supported by organizations such as the United Nations, the World Bank, the OECD, and other foundations. We put university networks under the microscope by asking: What may be the relationship between members of international research networks and the top 200 world-class universities? We focus on this question that we deem salient to those setting the future direction of higher education at the institutional and inter-institutional level.

1 of 9 pages



- ✓ Abstracts and full-text papers for conferences are sometimes published in the conference proceedings
- ✓ Follow the instructions carefully (e.g., regarding length, structure, and deadline)
- ✓ May follow the IMRaD format or related ones
- ✓ Adhere to deadlines (preprint, postprint, presentation, publication)



I'm not interested in what the paper is about, Dr Jones, I just want you to put me on the authors' list...



Requisites for Attendees





Review the conference programme beforehand

Learn the layout of the conference venue

Email and organise a meeting with people you have identified through the conference proceedings

Perhaps bring copies of your curriculum vitae (CV) or resume

Bring copies of your business card

Be ready to network at social events

Dress professionally



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Poster vs Oral Presentations



Poster vs Oral Presentations



Some conferences may allow attendees to select between a poster or oral presentation when submitting an abstract.

Oral presentations

- Might be reserved for topics that appeal more to the intended audience
- Suited to topics that can explained within the time limit of the presentation
- Require sufficient amount of data (complete story)
- Provide better visibility

Posters

- Posters are allotted to remaining abstracts that match the scope of the meeting
- Better suited to technical topics
- Can be made with limited/preliminary data
- Provide limited visibility
- Opportunities for in-depth discussions and networking



Planning a Poster



- √ Adhere to specific conference requirements (size & orientation)
- ✓ Plan the content and layout of the poster
- ✓ Maintain a good image to text ratio (1:1-1:2)
- ✓ Fonts should be legible at a distance (title 85 pt, body 24-34 pt)
- √ Keep some white space (avoid dark backgrounds)
- ✓ Use symbols to help readers navigate
- √ Get feed back proofread before printing
- ✓ Include your name/coworker's name/contact details and university's name/logo (consider including a QR code)



Newer Variations



E-poster

- Dynamic multimedia form of the paper poster
- Run automatically, but viewers can use a mouse to zoom into view figures

Flash poster presentations

- Poster presenters give brief oral presentations (~3 min)
- Helps to interest attendees in visiting their posters





Planning an Oral Presentation





- ✓ Check the instructions carefully
- ✓ Include much less detail than for a journal article
 - Plan 2-3 min/slide
 - Talk about all points on a slide
- ✓ Present the work as a story
- ✓ Use a straightforward structure
- ✓ Consider the professional background of the audience
- √ Keep it short



Types of Presentations





presentation

- Delivered by individuals who submitted abstracts or were invited by the conference committee
- Contributed talks are shorter (10–12 min up to 20+5 min)
 than invited talks (30–45 min)



- Organized to teach techniques and practical skills to the attendees
- Often before or after a conference
- Generally longer (at least 45 min) and are more interactive



Panel presentation

- Involves a small group of people presenting differing viewpoints on a debatable topic
- Panelists are generally experts in the field

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Designing Presentations



Structure of Presentations



Overview

What is the problem and why should people care?

Your approach

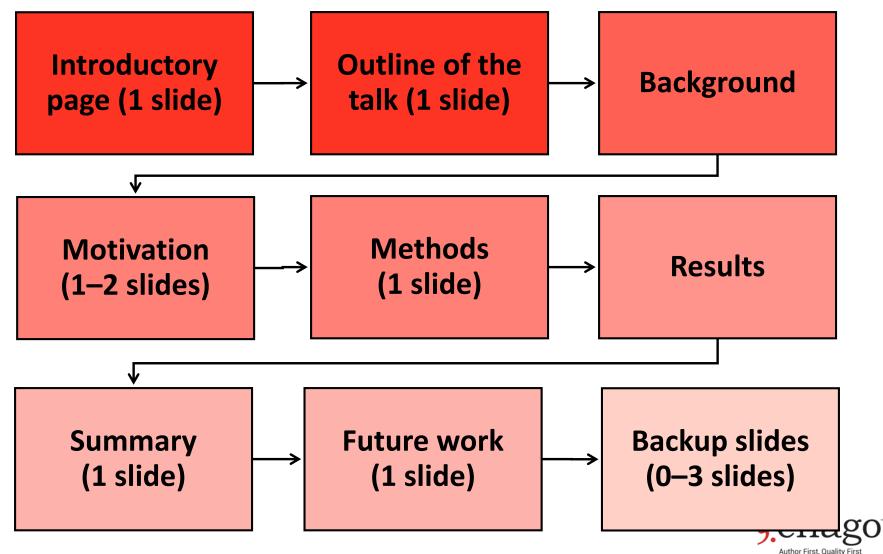
Your results

Your conclusions and their implications





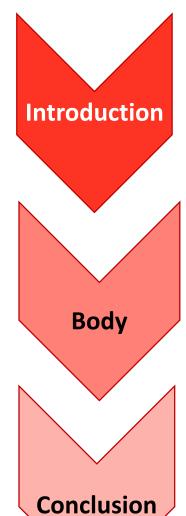
Short talks (10–12 minutes)



Structure of Presentations



Invited talks (20-60 min)



- Start with something to draw the attention of the audience
- Introduce the big picture, the central idea of your research and a brief overview of where it's headed
- Ensure you answer the 'who cares' question
- Break you talk into smaller stories each linked to you main theme
- Highlight other peoples work that supports your research
- Support your claims by providing examples and data
- Use figures and graphs rather than tables and text
- Summarize the main points of your talk
- Talk about your future work
- Tell the audience to do something (call to action)





- ✓ No more than 7 lines or ~50 words of text/slide
- ✓ Ensure all pictures and figures are large enough
- ✓ If you use images from another source own, include credit lines
- ✓ Use bullet points rather than paragraphs
- ✓ Avoid distracting backgrounds/templates
- ✓ Use a sans serif font such as Arial and Calibri





Slide Design (2/2)



- ✓ Try to use ~28 or 32 point type
- ✓ Keep images simple
- ✓ Beware of using unfamiliar abbreviations
- ✓ Use animations only to help present your content.
- ✓ AVOID USING CAPS! and underline effects
- ✓ Avoid using a lot of reds or greens (use a Color Contrast Ratio Analyzer)



Reds and Greens



Contrast ratio 4:1

It is difficult to read green text on a red background

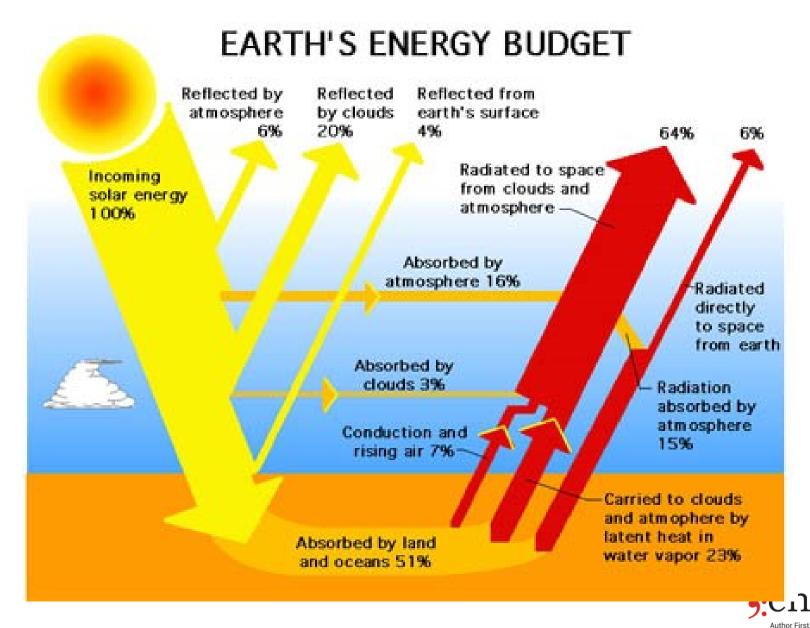
Contrast ratio 1.7:1

This text is now more legible!



A Picture is Worth a Thousand Words





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Dealing with Q&A Session



Rehearsing the Presentation (1/2)





✓ Rehearse the presentation alone a few times

✓ Rehearse the presentation for others, and have them ask you questions







✓ Try to present within less than the allotted time



Rehearsing the Presentation (2/2)





✓ Include some "elastic" in case the presentation is running fast or slow

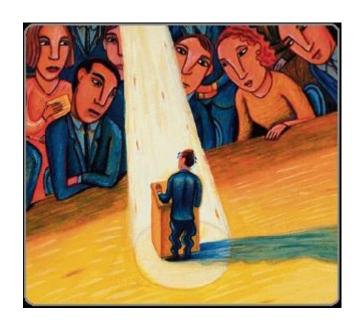
- ✓ Use a 'speaker ready room'
 - A room (at the conference venue) where speakers can practice their presentations
 - Has audiovisual equipment similar to that in the conference presentation rooms







- ✓ Stage fright: nervousness before (and sometimes during) a presentation
- ✓ Some comments on stage fright
 - Normal and common
 - A little stage fright can help make you motivated and energetic
 - Severe stage fright can prevent you from giving a good presentation





Dealing with Stage Fright

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- ✓ Prepare well
- ✓ Avoid excessive food, water, and caffeine
- ✓ Exercise a little
- ✓ If you tremble, brace your arm if using a pointer
- ✓ People are attending to hear about your work, not to judge your speaking
- ✓ Practice posture

Tips for ESL Speakers



- ✓ Include all key terms on your slides, so people can read them.
- ✓ Practice pronunciation of key terms (online dictionaries with audio can help)
- ✓ EVERYONE has an accent of some sort (including native speakers); don't worry about it, speak clearly and loudly.
- ✓ If you don't understand a question,
 - Ask the attendee/moderator to repeat the question
 - Suggest what you think the question might be
 - Ask for a one-to-one discussion after the presentation



Importance of a Q&A Session



Questions and answers are important for several reasons:

- ✓ Get attention
- ✓ Create interest regarding your research
- ✓ Get feedback
- ✓ Make points easy to remember
- ✓ Create audience interaction
- ✓ Promote new thoughts





3-step template

Repeat

Repeat the question

Ensure you understand the question

Ensure the audience has heard it

Ask them to reframe if it is unclear

Write it down

Respond

Answer concisely

Refer back to the question to ensure you are not digressing

If a question is irrelevant, bridge to discussing a relevant point

Review

Confirm if your answer was satisfactory

If not, suggest meeting after your talk

Thank them for the question







- ✓ Don't fake it
- ✓ Some options:
 - "I don't know that answer but I think that..."
 - "I don't know that answer but I can find out. Perhaps we could discuss it after the talk."



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Networking





- Make formal or informal connections with people who might help you to advance in your career
- Advantages
 - ✓ Potential research collaborations
 - ✓ Promotion
 - ✓ Postdoctoral opportunities
 - ✓ Opportunities to publish books/papers



- ✓ Make a list of talks you want to attend and researchers you want to meet
- ✓ If possible, stay at the conference hotel
- ✓ Wear a name tag
- ✓ Network over meals and poster sessions
- ✓ Start the conversation make small talk
- ✓ If you are shy, organize meetings with the concerned researcher prior to the conference



- ✓ Make a list of talks you want to attend and researchers you want to meet
- ✓ If possible, stay at the conference hotel
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- ✓ Start the conversation make small talk
- ✓ If you are shy, organize meetings with the concerned researcher prior to the conference



Following-up



- If appropriate, contact people to follow up
- When writing about the research, consider questions that arose
- Consider adding the presentation to your CV
- Reflect on what went well and what improvements could be made
- Use the experience to make the next presentation even better
- Make use of Fig share or other platform to make your slides/poster available and citable.



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Cases of Published Conference Articles















International Conference on Formal Methods in Computer-Aided Design

FMCAD 1996: Formal Methods in Computer-Aided Design pp 94-108 | Cite as

Experiments in automating hardware verification using inductive proof planning

Authors

Authors and affiliations

Francisco J. Cantu, Alan Bundy, Alan Smaill, David Basin



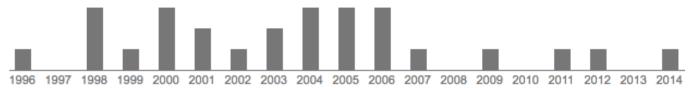
Abstract

We present a new approach to automating the verification of hardware designs based on planning techniques. A database of methods is developed that combines tactics, which construct proofs, using specifications of their behaviour. Given a verification problem, a planner uses the method database to build automatically a specialised tactic to solve the given problem. User interaction is limited to specifying circuits and their properties and, in some cases, suggesting lemmas. We have implemented our work in an extension of the *Clam* proof planning system. We report on this and its application to verifying a variety of combinational and synchronous sequential circuits including a parameterised multiplier design and a simple computer microprocessor.

Keywords

Strategy

Citado por 27







Association for Information Systems AIS Electronic Library (AISeL)

AMCIS 2005 Proceedings

Americas Conference on Information Systems
(AMCIS)

2005

A Knowledge Based Information System for Managing Research Programs and Value Creation in a University Environment

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Hector Ceballos

Instituto Tecnologico y de Estudios Superiores de Monterrey, ceballos@itesm.mx

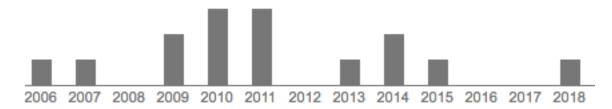
Silvia P. Mora

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Miguel A. Escoffie

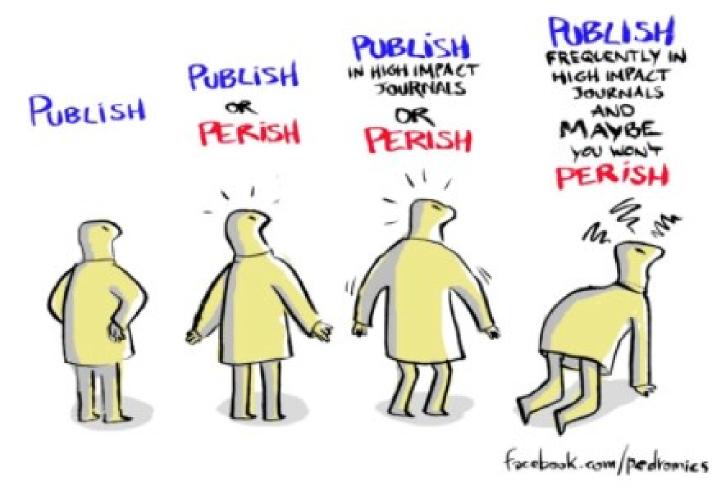
Instituto Tecnologico y de Estudios Superiores de Monterrey, a00787774@itesm.mx

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THE EVOLUTION OF ACADEMIA





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Learning about Concerence Paper Rejection



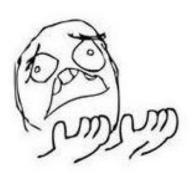
The Stages of Revision



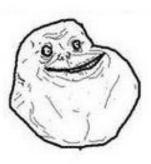




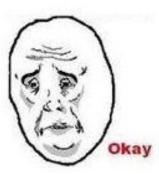
anger



bargaining



depression

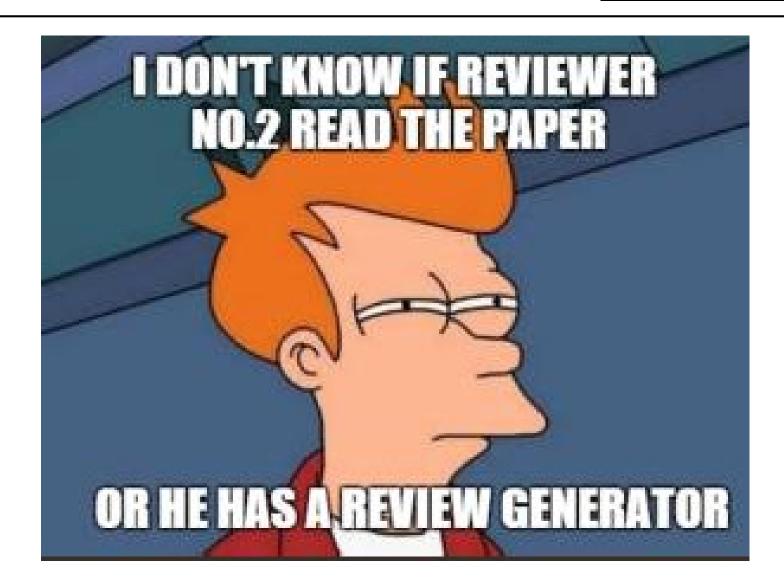


acceptance













"If you can't say anything peer reviewed about your work, don't say anything at all."



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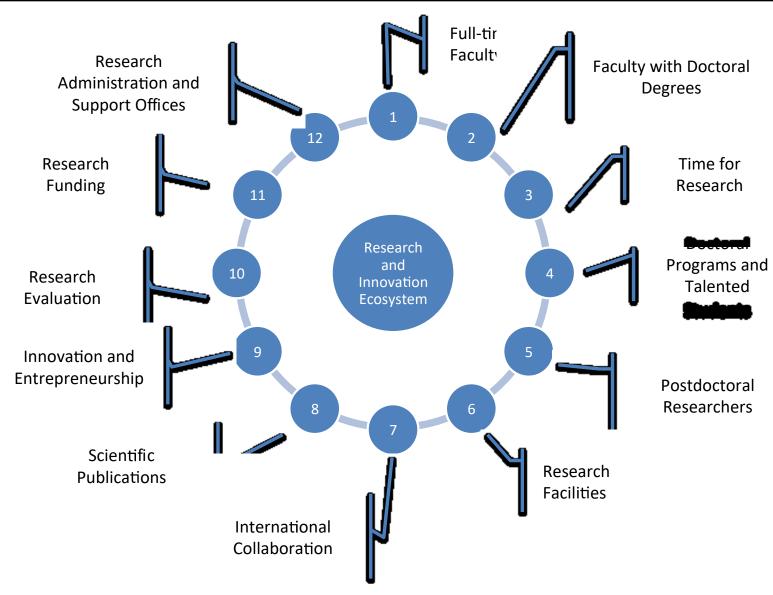
A Research and Innovation Ecosystem*

*Cantú-Ortiz F. J. 2015. A research and innovation ecosystem model for private universities. In: *Private Universities in Latin America*, pp 109-130. Palgrave Macmillan, New York.



A R&I Ecosystem





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Best Practices for Research Administrators



Research Strategy - I



Leadership

Mission

Vision

People

Culture

Source: ITESM Strategic Plan 2020: http://sitios.itesm.mx/webtools/planestrategico2020/publico/EN/index.html



Research Strategy - II



Organization

Infrastructure

Processes

Sustainability

Support

Focusing

Source: Research that Transforms Lives: http://sitios.itesm.mx/revistatransferencia/images/Brochure_investigacion2017.pdf



Research Strategy - III



- Full Time Faculty
- Doctoral Degrees
- Time to do research Managing teaching overload
- Career development for researchers
- Incentives
- Seed money
- Focusing



Research Strategy - IV



- Postdoctoral Researchers
- PhD Students
- MD-PhD Students
- MSc Students and Residents
- Undergraduate Research Students
- Technicians

Source: Galeano, N., Morales-Menendez, R., Cantú-Ortiz, F.J., 2012. Developing research skills in undergraduate students through an internship program in research and innovation. *International Journal of Engineering Education*, 28(1), p.48.

Research Strategy - V



Developing your career as a RA

- Identify unique skills (budgeting and managing projects)
- Networking in community
- Communication skills
- Tracking international developments and challenges
- Becoming an active member of SRA, NCURA, ARMA, etc



Research Strategy – VI



Role of Support Offices

- Identifying and communicating with funding agencies
- Patenting and licensing services
- Facilitating access to databases of metadata and full text papers
- Writing and translation support
- Where to publish
- How to launch a start-up company
- Research intelligence, university benchmarking, research trends and hot topics
- Current research information systems (CRIS)

Source: Cantú, F. J. and Ceballos, H. G. (2010). A multiagent knowledge and information network approach for managing research assets. *Expert Systems with Applications*, *37*(7), pp. 5272-5284.



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Establishing Research Environment at Academic Institutes

*Cantú-Ortiz F. J. 2015. A research and innovation ecosystem model for private universities. In: *Private Universities in Latin America*, pp 109-130. Palgrave Macmillan, New York



Organization - I



- Faculties, schools, and departments
- Faculty recruitment
- Research office and policies
- Research centers and research groups
- Dealing with multidisciplinary projects and organizational matrix

Source: Ceballos, H.G., Garza, S.E., Cantú, F.J., (2018). Factors influencing the formation of intrainstitutional formal research groups: group prediction from collaboration, organisational, and topical networks. *Scientometrics*, *114*(1), pp. 181-216.



Organization - II



- Graduate programs:
 - PhD (Basic Science); PhD (Clinical Science); Medical Residencies: Specialties and Sub-specialties, MD-PhD, MSc, MD
- Student recruitment
- Accreditations by CONACYT
- Scholarships by CONACYT
- International collaborations (PhD stays)
- Academic and industry internships

Source: Ceballos, H.G., Fangmeyer Jr, J., Galeano, N., Juarez, E., Cantú-Ortiz, F.J., 2017. Impelling research productivity and impact through collaboration: A scientometric case study of knowledge management. *Knowledge Management Research and Practice*, 15(3), pp. 346-355.

Organization - III



Infrastructure

- Hospitals
- Laboratories
- Bioterium
- Equipment and supplies
- Offices: open/private, proximity
- Meeting rooms
- Hazardous materials and security
- Dealing with emergencies



Organization - IV



Research Culture

- Hiring practices identifying and retaining talent
- Financial and infrastructural support
- Job descriptions and interview processes
- Defining teaching and research responsibilities
- Provisions for financial and non-financial rewards
- Avoiding publishing or perish policies
- Encouraging and facilitating grant acquisitions



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Objectives of Internal Administration



Publications - I



- Advise researchers about preparing research articles
- Educating about journal or conference papers
- Counseling researchers about establishing future collaborations
- Publication practices in STEM, Health, Arts, Humanities, and Social Sciences
- Structuring of research papers and adherence to guidelines



Publications - II



- Identifying reference style: AMA, APA, JAMA, and MLA,...
- Tools for managing bibliographies: Mendeley, EndNote,
 Zotero, BibTex
- Including acknowledgements: Funding agencies, grant details
- Who should be the first author, corresponding author, co-author?



Publications - III



- Getting ORCID, SCOPUS ID, Researcher ID
- Understanding Journal Quartiles: Q1, Q2, Q3, Q4, None
- Helping researchers overcome journal rejection
- Selecting between traditional and open access journals
- Understanding and using DOI of publications



Publications - IV



- Strategies for getting citations to research studies:
 research social networks (Mendeley, ResearchGate, etc)
- Bibliometric tools for tracking publications and citations:
 Scopus, WoS, Google Scholar, Redalyc
- Monitoring Impact Factor and Scientometrics: a)
 journals, b) disciplines, and c) research groups



Publications - V



- Understanding and using h-index
- Altmetrics
- Stages of publications: pre-print, post-print, published
- Awareness of policies of editorial companies: Sherpa–
 Romeo standard



Publications - VI







Reporting Research v

Publishing Research v

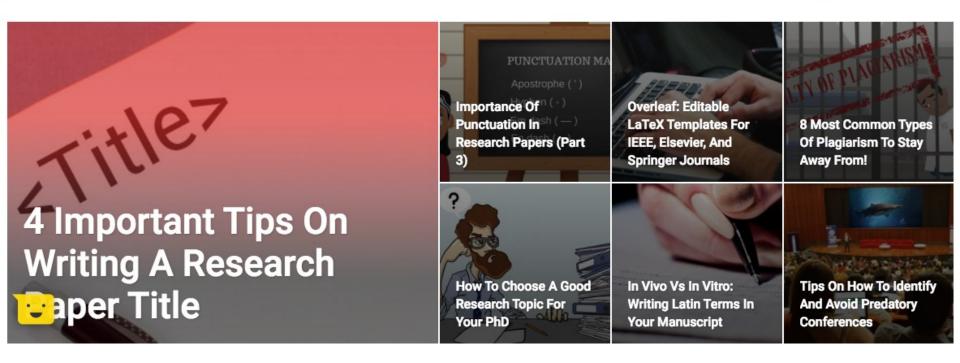
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Web of Science





Products -

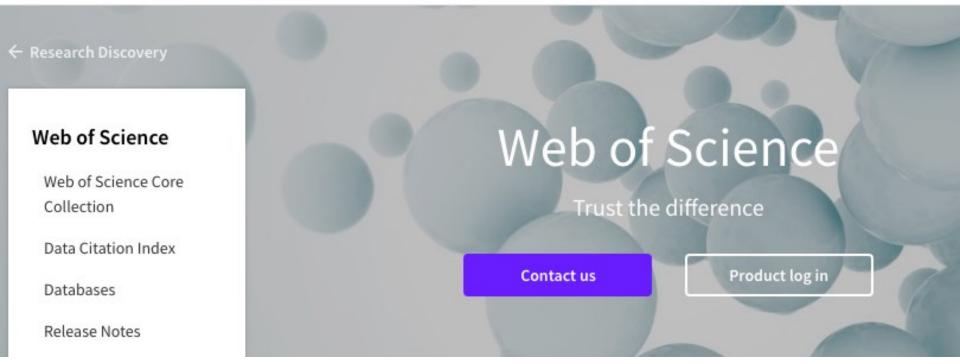
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https://clarivate.com/products/web-of-science/



Google Scholar







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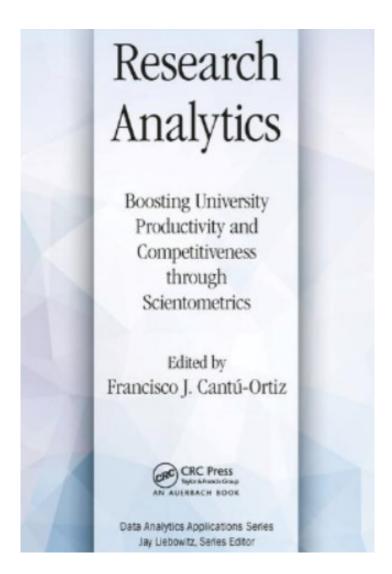
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Google Scholar in English

https://scholar.google.com.mx/





SECTION I SCIENTOMETRIC DATABASES

- 2 Web of Science: The First Citation Index for Data Analytics and Scientometrics JOSHUA D. SCHNELL
- 3 A Brief History of Scopus: The World's Largest Abstract and Citation Database of Scientific Literature MICHIEL SCHOTTEN, M'HAMED EL AISATI, WIM J. N. MEESTER, SUSANNE STEIGINGA, AND CAMERON A. ROSS
- 4 Google Scholar: The Big Data Bibliographic Tool EMILIO DELGADO LÓPEZ-CÓZAR, ENRIQUE ORDUNA-MALEA, ALBERTO MARTÍN-MARTÍN, AND JUAN M. AYLLÓN
- 5 Institutional Repositories MARIA-SOLEDAD RAMÍREZ-MONTOYA AND HÉCTOR G. CEBALLOS

Source: Cantu-Ortiz, F.J., 2017. *Research Analytics: Boosting University Productivity and Competitiveness Through Scientometrics*. Auerbach Publications: Boca Raton, Florida.



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Acquiring and Managing Research Funding



Research Funding - I



- Institutional seed money and matching funds
- Local and national funding
- International agencies
- Industry funding
- Databases of funding agencies



Research Funding - II



Important Agencies for Mexican Researchers



- EU-MEX INNOVA: https://www.b2match.eu/eu-mexinnova
- Mexico Innovation Fund Grants: https://drclas.harvard.edu/mexico-innovation-fund-grants
- Newton Fund: http://www.newtonfund.ac.uk/about/about-partnering-countries/Mexico/
- Strategic Alliances for Mexico (SAM): https://researchfunding.duke.edu/strategic-alliances-mexico-sam
- MIT Global Partnerships Fund
- Texas A&M University-CONACYT
- Québec Mexico Bilateral collaborative research program



International Funding Agencies

- DHHS: http://www.hhs.gov/
- NIH: http://www.nih.gov/
- NSF: http://www.nsf.gov/
- NASA: http://www.nasa.gov/
- Wellcome Trust: https://wellcome.ac.uk/home
- Gates Foundation: https://www.gatesfoundation.org
- SERI: https://www.sbfi.admin.ch/sbfi/en/home.html
- FRIDA: https://programafrida.net/en/



International Funding Agencies 22





Grants & Funding

NIH's Central Resource for Grants and Funding Information

Entire Site

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Research Training and Career Development &

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NIH offers funding for many types of grants, contracts, and even programs that help repay loans for researchers. Learn about these programs, as well as about NIH's budget process, grant funding strategies, and policies, and more.





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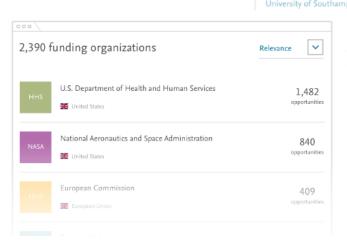
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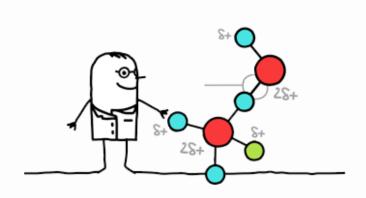
FOR GRANTMAKERS

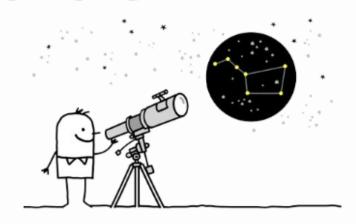
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- Disseminate funding opportunities and track the status of researchers' responses to enhance communication regarding projects, funding, and collaborators

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Challenges



- Allocation of funding is based on national and local policies,
 processes and priorities
- Data (research) obtained via collaborations should meet certain quality standards and research integrity
- Ensuring a transparent, impartial and consistent peer-review process for applications
- Increasing opportunities for collaboration and impact of research
- Tracking research output through acquired research funding



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Administration of Research Projects

*Cantú-Ortiz F. J. 2015. A research and innovation ecosystem model for private universities. In: *Private Universities in Latin America*, pp 109-130. Palgrave Macmillan, New York.



Research Projects - I



- Types of projects: grants, industry, fellowships
- Life cycle of research projects
- Research proposal elaboration
- Proposal evaluation by peers



Research Projects - II



- Lobbying
- Producing technical and financial reports
- Dealing with delays and staff rotation
- Bioethics, Medical protocols



Pre-Awards

Post-Awards

Ethical Responsibilities



Pre-Awards - I



- Learning about research trends and hot topics
- Guidance in learning about the state of the art in researchers' research field
- Finding funding opportunities and share with researchers
- Working with funding agencies and partners



Pre-Awards - II



- Identify funding parameters and terms and conditions of sponsors
- Preparation of applications and basics of writing proposals
- Components of budget development



Pre-Awards - III



- Institutional review and approval processes
- Proposal submission and post submission activities
- Good news (one out of ten)



Post-Awards - I



- Support researchers in managing research funds
- Collaborating with researchers for financial reports
- Regular audits of utilization of research funds
- Highlighting irregularities (excess spending) to researchers and university management



Post-Awards - II



- Ensuring compliance with policies, regulations, and procedures
- Identify training opportunities for researchers and staff
- Account/fund establishment,
- Cost principles,



Post-Awards - III



- Financial management,
- Re-budgeting, and sub recipient monitoring
- Award closure
- Research Products
 - Publications (Journal articles, conference papers, research books, book chapters, reviews, other)
 - Patents



Post-Awards - IV



- Research Evaluation
 - Institution, faculty, groups, individual level
- Researcher education
 - Undergraduate, Master's, PhD, Post-docs
- Prestige
 - Divulge
 - Research social networks
 - Rankings



Ethical Responsibilities



RAs also help researchers comply with the following committees:

- Institutional Review Board (IRB)
- Institutional Animal Care and Use Committee (IACUC)
- Institutional Biosafety Committee (IBC)
- Conflict of Interest in Research (CoIR)
- Scientific Integrity Committee (SIC)
 - There is limited involvement of RAs when scientific issues are being challenged

Takeaway Points



- Relevance of RAs in today's research environment
- Expectation from research administrators
- Role of research administrators
- Role of clinical research administrators
- Acquiring research funding for institutions



Sharing Research Outcomes and Attaining Prestige



International Visibility



- Exposure through Research Social Networks
 - Google Scholar (https://scholar.google.com.mx/)
 - ResearchGate (https://www.researchgate.net/)
 - Academia.edu (https://www.academia.edu/)
 - Microsoft Academic (https://academic.microsoft.com/)
 - LinkedIn
- Website in English language
- Brochure and pamphlets to share research results in English



Scopus Author ID: Example

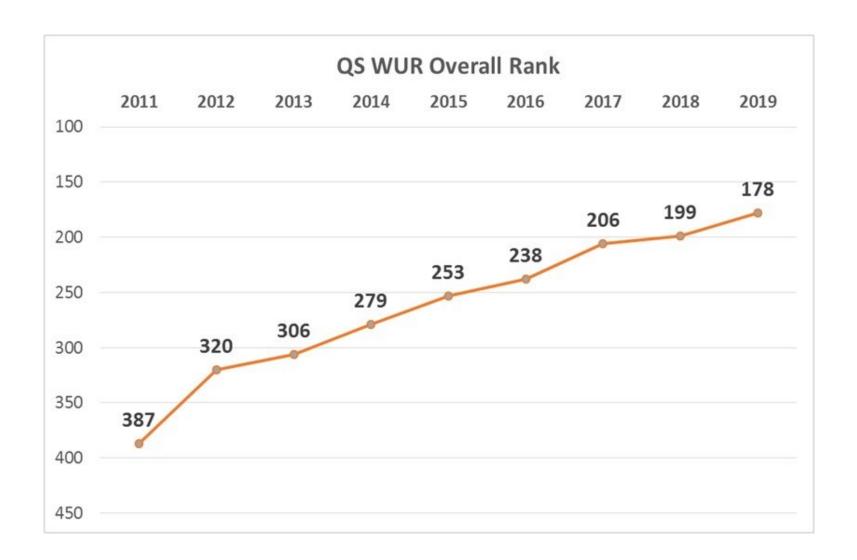






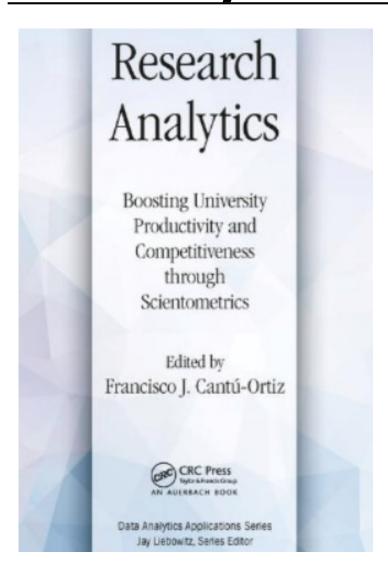
University Rankings - I







University Rankings - II



SECTION II APPLICATION OF SCIENTOMETRICS TO UNIVERSITY COMPETITIVENESS AND WORLD-CLASS UNIVERSITIES

- 6 Academic Ranking of World Universities (ARWU): Methodologies and Trends YAN WU AND NIAN CAI LIU
- 7 QS World University Rankings BEN SOWTER, DAVID REGGIO, AND SHADI HIJAZI
- 8 Times Higher Education World University Rankings DUNCAN ROSS
- 9 Scimago Institutions Rankings: The Most Comprehensive Ranking Approach to the World of Research Institutions BENJAMÍN VARGAS QUESADA, ATILIO BUSTOS-GONZÁLEZ, AND FÉLIX DE MOYA ANEGÓN
- 10 Knowledge Distribution through the Web: The Webometrics Ranking BÁRBARA S. LANCHO-BARRANTES
- 11 U-Multirank: Data Analytics and Scientometrics FRANS KAISER AND NADINE ZEEMAN
- 12 Quantitative Analysis of U.S. News & World Report University Rankings JAMES FANGMEYER JR. AND NATHALÍE GALEANO
- 13 University Performance in the Age of Research Analytics

FRANCISCO J. CANTÚ-ORTIZ AND JAMES FANGMEYER JR.

Source: Cantu-Ortiz, F.J., 2017. *Research Analytics: Boosting University Productivity and Competitiveness Through Scientometrics*. Auerbach Publications: Boca Raton, Florida.

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Gracias!



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Preguntas y Respuestas

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